Sydenham River Watershed helping species at risk April, 2015

The Sydenham River in southwestern Ontario is the only major watershed which lies completely in the Carolinian Life Zone and is relatively undisturbed by industrial and urban development. This has made the river a biological treasure. The Sydenham River supports an incredible variety of aquatic life, or what we call biodiversity. At least 82 species of fish and 34 species of freshwater mussels have been found here, making it one of the most species-rich watersheds in all of Canada. Several species in the Sydenham River are found nowhere else in Canada, and some remain at only a few locations globally. Twenty-four species of fish, mussels and reptiles which live in and around the Sydenham River are nationally or provincially Species at Risk.

Back to the Wild

On a sunny day in June a call came into the St. Clair Region Conservation Authority (SCRCA) office regarding a turtle who had found her way next to a roadway and was laying her eggs. This was a small turtle with an olive coloured shell that has fine yellow lines similar

to contour lines found on a map. It was a northern map turtle. A week later, a second northern map turtle was found close by also laying her eggs along the roadway.

SCRCA staff Kelli Smith and John Jimmo went out to investigate. While out, it was noted there were several nests that had been constructed along this roadway, many of which had been predated, dug up, and the eggs eaten. The culprit was most likely the raccoons that frequent the area but other possible predators include foxes and skunks. Only

two nests remained, so Kelli and John decided that since the threat of loss for these nests was so great, it was time to step in and try to do their best to save these nests. Normally nests are not moved, especially if a nest is found in a relatively safe location - it will be left alone to let nature take its course. The process was very nerve wracking as the turtle eggs are very delicate and any disturbance can cause the embryo to detach from the egg and die. After consulting with Salthaven Wildlife Rehabilitation and Education Centre, the nests were carefully collected and moved for incubation - Salthaven has a special permit to do this.

Approximately 10 weeks later, in late August, we received the call. Twenty-four tiny northern map turtles had hatched and were ready to head home! The turtles were taken back to the location they were found along

the Sydenham River. The toonie sized hatchlings were released, one by

one, back into the river, many of which quickly swam away and hid beneath the vegetation along

the edge of the river
- one major obstacle
achieved to make their
way back home.
The northern map
turtle is a Special
Concern species under
the federal Species at
Risk Act and provincial
Endangered Species Act and
is also a specially protected

reptile under the Ontario Fish and Wildlife Conservation Act. Declining

numbers in the population have led to the designation of special concern. Some of the causes for the decline include habitat loss or degradation; water pollution; boating and road mortalities; and the decline in molluscs, a primary food source for female turtles. Reproduction can also be challenging for the northern map turtle. Females don't reach breeding maturity for nearly 12 years and only produce 10-17 eggs which have a high mortality rate from nest raiding by foxes and raccoons.

Interpretive Signs Dot the Watershed

As one of the most biologically diverse watersheds in Canada, there are many interesting things to learn about the Sydenham River. Interpretive signs have been installed at several Conservation Areas and public lands to inform visitors of the unique and rare species that inhabit the Sydenham River. The signs explore many topics from creating snake habitat to identifying aquatic species at risk. Keep an eye out – we have more interesting interpretive signs to come.



Healthy Sydenham Headwaters Initiative

Thanks to landowners, the Healthy Sydenham Headwaters Initiative has been a resounding success! In the past 3 years, 50 hectares of land have been retired and returned to natural landscape. Nearly 50 landowners implemented stewardship projects on their properties including riparian buffers, tree planting, wetlands, wildlife movement corridors, windbreaks, and tallgrass prairie.

Implementing stewardship projects in the headwaters has far-reaching impacts downstream. If the headwaters aren't bringing clean water downstream, no amount of habitat restoration work downstream will be able to counteract the continual influx of sediments and nutrients from upstream.

The Healthy Sydenham Headwaters Initiative was a 3 year joint project with the SCRCA and the Middlesex Stewardship Council which targeted an area in the southwest corner of Middlesex County and includes the East Sydenham River headwaters and the Strathroy-Caradoc Sand Plain.

Ask a Pro - How can monitoring water quality help aquatic Species at Risk?

Fish and mussels can be used as bio-indicators of habitat conditions and long-term stream health since different species exhibit different tolerances to pollutant levels and habitat change. Sensitive species tend to be the first to disappear from a stream or river when it is polluted or otherwise impacted. It follows that these same



Jessica Van Zwol, Healthy Watershed Specialist, St. Clair Region Conservation Authority

sensitive species are more likely to eventually become "species at risk". On the other hand, presence of a wide variety of species, including those sensitive to pollution and habitat change, indicates a healthier system.

Eastern Sand Darter: This darter is a unique and small member of the perch family. In the Sydenham, they prefer areas with a sandy bottom. The biggest threat to this species is silt or clay being washed into and covering its sandy habitat. The presence of the eastern sand darter suggests little to no impact from siltation or pollution for that part of the river.

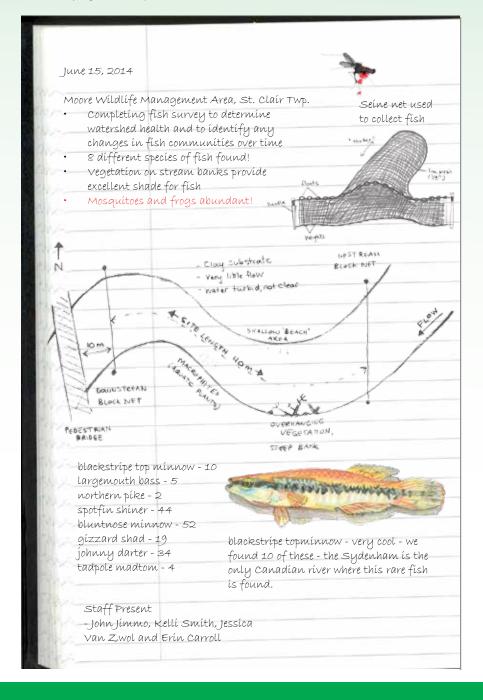
Credit: Joseph Tomelleri

What can landowners do to help improve water quality and help protect aquatic Species at Risk?

Financial incentives are available to landowners to implement best management practices. Projects to plant riparian buffers (native grasses, shrubs and/or trees), reduce erosion on farmland, or create wetlands can help keep soil and nutrients on the land where it is needed, preventing it from entering the Sydenham River or other local creeks and streams. Contact Jessica at the St. Clair Region Conservation Authority (519 245-3710 ext. 241) to learn more about types of projects that could qualify for funding.



The St. Clair Region Conservation Authority includes a Species at Risk program as part of its commitment toward conservation education. Over 11,000 students participate in conservation education programs each year.



Aquatic Species at Risk in the Sydenham River

Mussels

northern riffleshell - Endangered wavy-rayed lampmussel - Threatened * rayed bean - Endangered snuffbox - Endangered mudpuppy mussel - Endangered kidneyshell - Endangered round hickorynut - Endangered round pigtoe - Endangered rainbow mussel - Endangered fawnsfoot - Endangered eastern pondmussel - Endangered mapleleaf mussel - Threatened

Fish

northern madtom - Endangered **
eastern sand darter - Endangered
blackstripe topminnow - Special Concern
pugnose minnow - Special Concern
grass pickerel - Special Concern
spotted gar - Threatened **
spotted sucker - Special Concern

Reptiles

eastern foxsnake - Endangered eastern spiny softshell turtle - Threatened Blanding's turtle - Threatened snapping turtle - Special Concern northern map turtle - Special Concern

Endangered: A species facing imminent extirpation or extinction.

Threatened: A species that is likely to become endangered if limiting factors are not reversed.

Special Concern: A species is of special concern because of characteristics that make it particularly sensitive to human activities or natural events.

- * The wavy-rayed lampmussel is no longer found in the Sydenham River.
- ** Very few historical records



Mapleleaf Mussel

Species at Risk Contest

Unscramble these five jumbles - one letter for each dash to form the names of five Species at Risk. Then arrange the letters inside the boxes to form the answer to our riddle.

First Prize - Binoculars and a Weekend Camping Package

Second Prize - "Skink on the Brink" (a children's picture book) and a SCRCA Weekend Camping Package

Third Prize - SCRCA Gift Bag

You can send in your answer by e-mail to: contests@scrca.on.ca or by mailing your answers to: St. Clair Region Conservation Authority 205 Mill Pond Cr., Strathroy, ON, N7G 3P9



Be sure to include contact information so we can notify the winners.

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s p m f e e a u m e a l l l s
elpsauttgnripn

Hey Nature Nut - don't keep it to yourself · ·



Draw will be held June 5, 2015



eastern foxsnake

WANTED

Your Eastern Foxsnake Sightings

Eastern Foxsnake

Pantherophis vulpinus

Endangered and Globally Rare

What to Look for:

- · Large snake (approximately 1 metre)
- Adults are yellow brown with large brown or black blotches along sides
- · Adults have a reddish brown head
- · Belly has a black checkerboard pattern
- Juveniles are grey with reddish brown blotches and a bar across their snout from eye to jaw

Did you know? This snake is not venomous • is found in marshes, wetlands, beaches, woods, and farms • is an avid swimmer • is at risk from habitat loss and human persecution

Reward: Control rodent populations

Help Please! Enhance wetlands • Create snake habitat on your property • Report your sightings • Appreciate Snakes!

If you see this animal contact: St. Clair Region Conservation Authority stclair@scrca.on.ca

Partners in Conservation

Fisheries and Oceans Canada
Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry
Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change
Ontario Ministry of Agriculture and Food
Ontario Trillium Foundation
St. Clair Region Conservation Authority
St. Clair Region Conservation Foundation
Middlesex Stewardship Council
Rural Lambton Stewardship Network
Ducks Unlimited Canada
Wildlife Habitat Canada
Carolinian Canada Coalition
Trees Ontario
Ontario Land Trust Alliance
TD Friends of the Environment Foundation

For more information

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