Update on the U.S. and Canadian Lake St. Clair Management Plans

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Outline

- 1. Background How We Got Here
- 2. Canadian Management Plan
- 3. U.S. Management Plan
- 4. Looking Forward

2004

2010

2012

2015

Lake St. Clair Comprehensive Management Plan

Watershed Assessment Plan Lake St. Clair Strategic Implementation Plan (SIP)

SIP Update



St. Clair River and Lake St. Clair Comprehensive Management Plan

June, 2004

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers





Watershed Assessment Management Plan for the St. Clair River and Lake St Clair Strategic Implementation Plan





June 2010

Strategic Implementation Plan for St. Clair River and Lake St. Clair





The Canadian Management Plan

- Lake St. Clair Canadian Watershed Coordination Council
 - Formed in 2002 to develop the technical report to support the US ACE project
 - Focal point for discussion and coordination between Federal, Provincial and local organizations to link respective programs/projects to Lake St.
 Clair watershed efforts
 - Members:
 - Environment Canada
 - Ontario Ministry of the Env & Climate Change
 - Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources & Forestry
 - Ontario Ministry of Ag, Food & Rural Affairs
 - Walpole Island First Nation

- Upper Thames River CA
- Lower Thames Valley CA
- St. Clair Region CA
- Essex Region CA

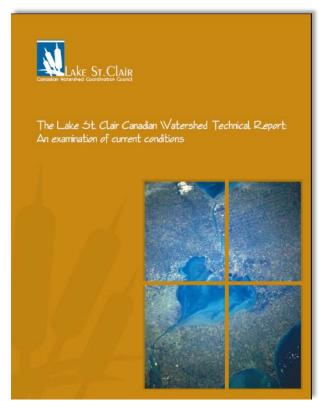


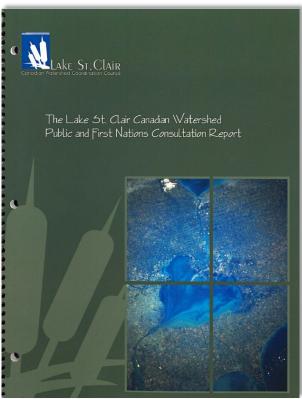
2005 2006 2008 2011

Canadian Technical Report

Consultation Report Canadian Management Plan

Canadian Work Plan







The Canadian Work Plan

- Work plan addresses implementation, research, monitoring and reporting
- Organized using the same categories as the technical report:
 - land use management
 - commercial navigation and recreational boating
 - sources of pollution
 - human health
 - habitat and biodiversity
 - fishing and hunting
 - monitoring, scientific studies and data management
- 34 recommendations, 102 actions
- Reflect some new projects and numerous ongoing programs whose implementation benefits Lake St. Clair and its watershed

Priority Watershed: The Thames River

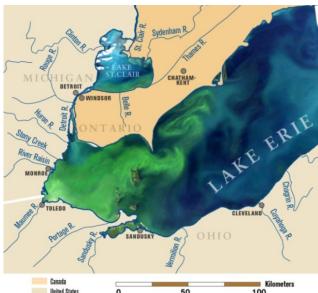
- The second largest Canadian watershed in the Lake Erie basin (5,285 km²; 279 km)
- A priority watershed under the Lake Erie Lakewide Action and Management Plan (LAMP)
- A priority watershed under the LAMP Binational Nutrient Management Strategy
 - Major load to Lake St. Clair, implicated in HABs
 - Influences the nearshore of Lake St. Clair and the Detroit River
- A priority watershed of the Lake St. Clair Canadian Watershed Management Plan



Thames River Water Management Plan

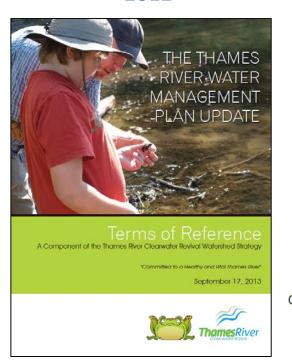
- The Thames River Clear Water Revival is a multijurisdictional watershed strategy to improve the health and vitality of the Thames River and its watershed
- An updated Water Management Plan will be a key component of the broader watershed strategy
- Objectives:
 - 1. Identify and address water quantity management issues.
 - 2. Improve water quality of the Thames River and *reduce* the river's impact on Lake St. Clair.
 - 3. Strengthen community connections with the Thames River and *understanding of the river's relationship to the Great Lakes*.
 - 4. Understand Traditional Ecological Knowledge and how it can inform water resource management decisions
 - 5. Strengthen collaboration among water managers: First Nations, municipalities, Conservation Authorities, Provincial ministries, Federal departments





Thames River Water Management Plan

- Steering committee with representatives from municipalities, provincial ministries, federal departments, and First Nations
- Every First Nation with an interest in the watershed is invited to sit on the steering committee.
 - Walpole Island First Nation and Upper Thames River Conservation
 Authority established a First Nations Engagement Committee in March
 2012







Thames River Water Management Plan

- Anticipate completion of the plan in 2016
- 2011-2014: Showcasing Water Innovation project "Addressing Water Management Issues in a Changing Climate"
 - Project purpose is to undertake innovative research, analysis, modelling and data acquisition related to water quality and flooding issues in the Thames River watershed
 - Improved DEMs and hydraulic modelling
 - Improved water quantity data management
 - Water quality assessment project
 - Innovative BMPs
 - LID demonstration projects

Total Project Cost	\$1,078,161.98
Showcasing Water Innovation	\$402,562.00
UTRCA In-Kind Contribution	\$145,233.88
UTRCA Cash Contribution (FFW)	\$150,346.54
Ministry of the Environment (COA)	\$130,000.00
City of London	\$75,000.00
Environment Canada	\$45,000.00
Clean Water Project	\$101,000.00
Sustainability Fund Diversity Grant	\$5,000.00
Western University	\$12,000.00
Job Creation Program (MTCU)	\$9,519.58
Lower Thames Valley Conservation Authority	\$2,500.00

More Information



Lake St. Clair is the smallest lake in the Great Lakes system. Together with the St. Clair and Detroit Rivers, it forms the connecting channel between Lakes Huron and Erie, and is divided by the international boundary between Canada and the United States. The majority of the lake and its watershed are in Ontario.

Lake St. Clair is an integral link in the major shipping corridor that connects Great Lakes ports with international destinations. The delta at the lake's north end is the largest freshwater delta in the world and one of the most significant fish and wildlife habitats in the Great Lakes. The Canadian portion of the watershed is predominantly agricultural, and includes one of the most productive agricultural areas in Canada. The U.S. portion of the watershed is highly urbanized, and includes portions of the city of Detroit and Greater Detroit Area.

What is the Lake St. Clair Canadian Watershed Management Plan?

The Canadian Watershed Management Plan provides a framework to encourage cooperation and collaboration. It is the link between local tributary watershed programs and Great Lakes basin-wide initiatives.

The Plan

- Identifies management issues, and sets goals to address them:
- Recommends actions to address issues affecting the Canadian portion of the Lake St. Clair ecosystem;

- Provides a common vision, principles and goals for the lake; and
- Includes input from Lake St. Clair partners and the public.

The Plan's authors, the Lake St. Clair Canadian Watershed Coordination Council, recognize that communication and partnerships with U.S. counterparts are vital to ensuring that the Lake St. Clair ecosystem is effectively managed.



When viewed from spoor, Loke St. Clair is easily identified as the "heart" of the Great Lokes. Also visible in this photograph: Loke Huron and the St. Clair River are above the loke, to the north; and the Detroit River and Loke Erie are below the loke, to the south. The Canadian watershed is on the right of the image, and the U.S. watershed is on the left. Credit: Image Science and Analysis Labovatory, MASA-Johnson Space Center. 'The Gateway to Astronaut Photography of Earth.' https://www.scrca.on.ca/wpcontent/uploads/2013/11/Pub-Lake-St-Clair-Mgmt-Plan-2009.pdf



- Phragmites control
- habitat restoration and protection
- establishing a real-time monitoring system

ave St. Clair / St. Clair

- integrating modeling with monitoring
- eliminating illicit discharges from Lake St.Clair
- development of a Lake St. Clair WatershedInformation Management System



Phragmites control

 Anchor Bay/St. Clair Flats Phragmites Control and Education Project

 Lake St. Clair Collaborative Invasive Species Control



Habitat Restoration and Protection







Establish a Real-time Monitoring System





Real-time Monitoring System, 2012

Red =
Shut
down
Green =
Operating
Yellow =
Coming
back
online

	Multi parameter Probe	TOC Analyzer	Fluorometer	GC/MS	
Port Huron					
Marysville					
St. Clair					
East China					
Marine City					
Algonac					
Ira WTP					
New					
Baltimore					
Mt. Clemens					
Grosse					
Pointe Farms					
Water Works					
Park					
Southwest		Need to replace			
Detroit		,			
Wyandotte					
Monroe					



Remaining Priorities

- Integrating modeling with monitoring
- Eliminating illicit discharges from Lake St. Clair
- Development of a Lake St. Clair
 Watershed information Management
 System









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Looking Forward

Management of Lake St. Clair needs to consider:

- ➤ Lake Erie Lake Ecosystem Objectives Including LSC, DR and SCR
- Great Lakes Nearshore Framework Baseline Assessment
- ➤ Lake Erie Binational Nutrient Reduction Strategy Phosphorus loading targets, domestic action plans
- Cooperative Science and Monitoring Initiative (CSMI) Lake Erie in 2019
- Lake Erie Biodiversity Conservation Strategy Implementation plans to be developed

